Reg. No. : $\square$

## Question Paper Code : 20783

## B.E./B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATIONS, APRIL/MAY 2020 <br> Fourth Semester <br> Mechanical Engineering <br> MA 6452 - STATISTICS AND NUMERICAL METHODS

(Common to Fourth Semester Automobile Engineering, Mechatronics Engineering and Fifth Semester for Mechanical Engineering (Sandwich)
(Regulations 2013)
Time : Three Hours
Maximum : 100 Marks
Use of Statistical tables is permitted.
Answer ALL questions.
PART - A
(10×2=20 Marks)

1. What are the expected frequencies of $2 \times 2$ contingency table | a | b |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| c | d | ?
2. A standard sample of 200 tins of coconut oil gave an average weight of 4.95 kgs with a standard deviation of 0.21 kg . Do we accept that the net weight is 5 kgs per tin at $5 \%$ level of significance?
3. What do you understand by design of an experiment ?
4. What are the basic principles of the design of experiments ?
5. Mention the order and condition for the convergence of Newton-Raphson method.
6. What is the procedure of Gauss-Jordan method?
7. Give the Newton's backward difference table for
```
x: 0
y: -1 lllll
```

8. Compare Trapezoidal rule with Simpson's $\frac{1}{3}$ rule.
9. Find $\mathrm{y}(0.01)$ by using Euler's method, given that $\frac{\mathrm{dy}}{\mathrm{dx}}=-\mathrm{y}, \mathrm{y}(0)=1$.
10. Write the finite difference approximation for the equation $\frac{d^{2} y}{d x^{2}}=x+y$.
PART - B
(5×16=80 Marks)
11. a) i) Fit a binomial distribution for the following data and also test the goodness of fit.

| $\mathbf{X}:$ | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{F}(\mathbf{X}):$ | 5 | 18 | 28 | 12 | 7 | 6 | 4 | 80 |

ii) The mean value of a random sample of 60 items was found to be 145 , with a standard deviation of 40 . Find the $95 \%$ confidence limits for the population mean. What size of the sample is required to estimate the population mean within 5 of its actual value with $95 \%$ or more confidence, using the sample mean?
(OR)
b) i) Test made on the breaking strength of 10 pieces of a metal gave the following results $578,572,570,568,572,570,570,572,596$ and 584 kg . Test if the mean breaking strength of the wire can be assumed as 577 kg .
ii) A group of 10 rats fed on $\operatorname{diet} \mathrm{A}$ and another group of 8 rats fed on $\operatorname{diet} \mathrm{B}$ recorded the following increase in weight :

| Diet A : | 5 | 6 | 8 | 1 | 12 | 4 | 3 | 9 | 6 | 10 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Diet B : | 2 | 3 | 6 | 8 | 10 | 1 | 2 | 8 |  |  |

Show that the estimates of the population variance from the samples are not significantly different.
12. a) Three varieties of coal were analysed by 4 chemists and the ash content is tabulated here, perform an analysis of variance.

|  |  | Chemists |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | A | B | C | D |
| Coal | I | 8 | 5 | 5 | 7 |
|  | II | 7 | 6 | 4 | 4 |
|  | III | 3 | 6 | 5 | 4 |

(OR)
b) The result of an RBD experiment on 3 blocks with 4 treatments A, B, C, D are tabulated here. Carry out an analysis of variance.

| Blocks | Treatment effects |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| I | A36 | D35 | C21 | B36 |
| II | D32 | B29 | A28 | C31 |
| III | B28 | C29 | D29 | A26 |

13. a) i) Using Gauss-Seidel method solve the system of the following equations correct to a decimal places.
$10 \mathrm{x}_{1}-2 \mathrm{x}_{2}-\mathrm{x}_{3}-\mathrm{x}_{4}=3$
$-2 x_{1}+10 x_{2}-x_{3}-x_{4}=15$
$-x_{1}-x_{2}+10 x_{3}-2 x_{4}=27$
$-\mathrm{x}_{1}-\mathrm{x}_{2}-2 \mathrm{x}_{3}+10 \mathrm{x}_{4}=-9$.
ii) Find the inverse of the matrix
$(\mathrm{OR})$$\left(\begin{array}{lll}2 & 1 & 1 \\ 3 & 2 & 3 \\ 1 & 4 & 9\end{array}\right)$ using Gauss Jordan method.
b) i) Solve the system of the following equations using Gauss Jordan method correct to two decimal places.
$2 \mathrm{x}_{1}+2 \mathrm{x}_{2}-\mathrm{x}_{3}+\mathrm{x}_{4}=4$
$4 x_{1}+3 x_{2}-x_{3}+2 x_{4}=6$
$8 \mathrm{x}_{1}+5 \mathrm{x}_{2}-3 \mathrm{x}_{3}+4 \mathrm{x}_{4}=12$
$3 \mathrm{x}_{1}+3 \mathrm{x}_{2}-2 \mathrm{x}_{3}+2 \mathrm{x}_{4}=6$.
ii) Determine by Power method the largest eigen value and the
corresponding eigen vector of the matrix $\left(\begin{array}{ccc}1 & 3 & -1 \\ 3 & 2 & 4 \\ -1 & 4 & 10\end{array}\right)$.
Given :
14. a) i) Given :

| $\mathbf{x}:$ | 0 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 7 | 9 |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{y}:$ | 4 | 26 | 58 | 112 | 466 | 922 |

Find $y(10), y^{\prime}(6)$ using Newton's divided difference formula.
ii) Evaluate the integral $\mathrm{I}=\int_{0}^{1} \frac{\mathrm{dx}}{1+\mathrm{x}^{2}}$ using Simpson's $\frac{1}{3}$ rule by taking $\mathrm{h}=1 / 4$.
b) i) Evaluate $\int_{1}^{2} \frac{\mathrm{dx}}{1+\mathrm{x}^{2}}$ taking $\mathrm{h}=.2$ using trapezoidal rule.
ii) Given :

| $\mathbf{x}:$ | 140 | 150 | 160 | 170 | 180 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{y}:$ | 3.685 | 4.854 | 6.302 | 8.076 | 10.225 |

Find $y(175)$.
15. a) Given $\frac{d y}{d x}=x y+y^{2}, y(0)=1, y(0.1)=1.1169, y(0.2)=1.2773$, find
i) $y(0.3)$ by Runge-Kutta method of fourth order and
ii) $\mathrm{y}(0.4)$ by Milne's method.
(OR)
b)

